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COOPERATIVE AND LOCAL INDUSTRY STILL LAGGING

KEZAKE COOPERATIVE INDUSTRY UNSATISFACTORY -- Bol'shevik Altaya, No 100, 7 Jun 49

Industrial cooperatives . Vostochno-Kazakhatan Oblast have been unable so far to meet their production plans. The oblast association of industrial artels does not exercise the necessary control over production and is indifferent to deteriorating economic and financial conditions.

During 1948, only five out of 26 artele completed the year plans, and in the first quarter of 1949, only three artels had been working successfully. "Ob"yedinennyy trud" Artel has almost completely ceased operating, and production is extremely low at the "Pishchevik" and "Universal" artels. During 1948 alone, the population was deprived of more than 3.5 million rubles' worth of consumers' goods. Out of 18 branches of industry, the plan was fulfilled only by the metal and textile industries. The industrial cooperative system has ceased to consider public demand and quality of products. Cut of 27 planned products, the plan was fulfilled for only two products, eluminum dishware and shoe repair. It seems typical that products from local rew materials, including commercial timber, lime, brick, horse-carriages, furniture, scap, etc., for which there is great demand, are produced in entirely insufficient quantities and poor quality.

It has become a regular habit of industrial cooperatives to send lewer goods for sale in the merket than provided for by government decree. This is especially true in the case of local building materials, including brick, lime, window frames, door panels, etc.

Industrial cooperatives have done nothing to expand their trade system. During 1948, not a single large store or stall was built.

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The financial operations of industrial cooperatives are very unsatisfactory. Yearly State loans to the industrial cooperative system for replenishing their working capital and for capital construction work have not been used properly. In 1947, the industrial cooperative system had a 1,815,000-ruble deficit in its working capital. In 1948, this deficit was considerably exceeded. Industrial cooperative artels had received 3,200,000 rubles. However, on 1 January 1949, they again had a 1,522,000-ruble deficit. During the first quarter of 1949, the Commercial Bank paid out 528,000 rubles to supplement the working capital. As far as is known, these funds have also not been used for any good purpose. -- F. Ivantsov, manager, Commercial Bank Branch Office

NOVOSIBIRSK COOPERATIVES IN PED -- Sovetskaya Sibir', No 130, 3 Jul 49

In 1949, industrial cooperative artels in the city of Novosibirsk have received considerable quantities of modern mechanized equipment, have received assistance in reorganizing technological processes, and in some cases, have converted to assembly-line production. The "Sibmetall" Artel, recently organized in Kirovskiy Rayon, has received substantial assistance from its sponsor, "Sibsel'meah" (Siberian Agricultural-Machine Building) Plant. The stell is new producing galvanized pots and pans and pails, and will start production of iron beds and enamelled dishware. Other artels, however, are not using their equipment to capacity and are retarding production expansion. "Gorpromtekhanab" (City Industrial Technical Supply) is not meeting the needs of these enterprises for supplies, with the result that production of some articles is either suspended or is of poor quality.

Industrial cooperative enterprises continue to operate at a loss, and have fulfilled only 67.1 percent of the 6-month plan for accumulations. The artels ove more than 11 million rubles in back debts for materials, another 2 million in debts, and 676,000 to the State Bank. The warehouses are stocked with more than 10½ million rubles' worth of finished goods, exceeding the quota for finished goods by 100 percent. At the same time, however, the trade turnover quota has not been fulfilled. This situation has arisen because of the poor quality of the finished products and their limited assortment. In 5-months' time, industrial cooperatives failed to produce nearly 8 million rubles' worth of goods anddid not complete the plan for 27 out of 38 planned types of goods.

KHABAROVSK CONSUMERS' GOODS LACK PERSISTS -- Tikhookeanskaya Zvezda, No 1 ℓ^{l_1} , 14 Jul 49

At the fifth session of the Khabarovsk Kray Soviet of Workers' Deputies, it was reported that in 1948, enterprises of local and cooperative industry in "starovsk Kray produced 42 percent more goods than in 1940. During 1948 and weaths of 1949, these same enterprises started mass production of 43 new types of products, particularly new furniture products and constants' goods. Interprises and artels of the Administration of the Kray Food Industry, Kray Timber Industry Union, and the Local-Fishing frust have improved their work.

Ideal and cooperative industry, however, are still far from satisfying the kray's needs. The Kray's local and light industries, Kray Administration of Industrial Cooperatives, and the Kray Union of Invalids' Cooperatives are not meeting their production plane. Almost one half of the enterprises of local and cooperative industry are lagging in production. For example, only five of the 17 enterprises and artels in Nizhne-Amur Oblast completed the 5-month plan. Kray local industry enterprises completed the 5-month plan for only 10 basic products out of a planned 21; industrial cooperative artels, four products out of 13; and invalids' cooperatives, two out of 10. The poorest quality goods are produced by enterprises of the kray construction materials industry, but all local and cooperative enterprises are at fault in this. As a result, warehouses in Khabarovsk, Kumsomol'sk, and Birobidzhan are now filled with 2½ million rubles' worth of goods which need reprocessing before they can be sold.

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Utilization of local raw materials is progressing slowly. Neither kray local industry nor industrial cooperative industry has yet organized primary processing of metal waste and scrap.

Afanae'yev, chairman of the Nizhne-Amur Oblast Executive Committee, reported that the oblast's local and cooperative industry had been started only during the war. At that time, construction of ships for a small-tonnage fleet was started in the Rogorodsk and Nikolayevsk fish combines, and production of barrels, lime, brick, etc. was organized in the Rayon imeni Polina Osipenko and in Chumikanskiy and Okhotskiy rayons. These comparatively new enterprises have been continually increasing output, but could operate more efficiently with more extensive assistance from kray organizations. Kray local industry and the Kray Administration of Industrial Cooperatives must give more attention to their enterprises located in the kray's northern rogions.

FAR NORTH RECEIVES ADDED CONSUMERS' GOODS -- Tikhookeanskaya Zvezda, No 164, 14 Jul 49

During the first 6 months of 1949, shipments of goods to Kamchatka and the Okhotek seacoast increased by 100 million rubles over the same period in 1948. Two and a half times more sugar and 12 times more confectionary products were shipped than during the whole of 1948. The Kamchatka population has received 2,500 more pud of dried fruite. Shipments of cotton, woolen, and silk cloth, sewn goods, shoes and other industrial production have increased substantially. A shipment of goods totaling more than 25,000 tons is now being prepared for delivery to Kamchatka and Okhotek. A large consignment of fresh fruit is being sent to the Month this year. Samuhatka will receive 800 tons of apples and the Okhotek seacoast, 200 tons.

LOCAL INDUSTRY ENTERPRISES MEET 6-MONTH PLAN -- Krasnoye Znamya, No 154, 2 Jul 49

One of the first enterprises of the Primorskiy Kray Local Industry to complete the 6-month plan was the mechanized plant. The enterprise has done much to increase assortment of goods produced and has recently started production of electric irons, nickel sud twest teapots, iron pans and roasters. The plan is opening a new nail shor which will be exclipped with 32 months locks and one draw bench and will produce all different sizes of nails.

Other local industry enterprises which completed the 6-month plan include the wood packing materials combine, which has just opened a bentwood furniture shop, the Nakhodkinskiy Industrial Combine, the Kalininskiy and Spaeskiy industrial combines, the tar paper factory, and several others.

COOPERATIVE MARKET PRICES REDUCED -- Bol'shevik Altaya, No 122, 9 Jul 49

The Cooperative Mrket of Vostochno-Kazakhetan Oblast Consumers' Union informs the citizene of Ust'-Kamenogorek that on 5 July 1949 rrices were reduced considerably on the following farm products: honey -- 30 percent, butter -- 20 percent, and emoked fish -- 35 percent. It is also announced that stores and stands of the Cooperative Market will daily sell fresh beef and mutton below the regular market prices. -- Advertisement

MOSCOW SCHOOL TAKING NEW STUDENTS -- Komeomol'skaya Pravda, No 169, 20 Jul 19

The Moscow Light Industry Technological Institute imeni L. M. Kaganevich is accepting first-year students in the following departments: mechanics, technology, chemical technology, and economic-engineering.

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Applications will be accepted until 31 July. Entrance examinations will be held from 1 August to 20 August. Address of the institute: Moscow, 127, ulitsa Osipenko, 33. -- Advertisement

SCHOOL HAS VACANCIES -- Vechernyaya Moskva, No 175, 25 Jul 49

The Moscow Light Industry Technological Institute imeni L. H. Eaganovich announces a competition to fill vacancies in the following departments: foreign languages (department head, docent), plant organization and economics of industry (two docents), technology of metals and machine building (docent), and physics (professor, department head).

Apply: Moscow, 127, ulitea Osipenko, 33. -- Advertisement

TRADE INSTITUTE AIMITTING STUDENTS -- Vechernyaya Moskva, No 176, 26 Jul 49

The Moscow Institute of Soviet Cooperative Trade, Ministry of Higher Education USSR, is admitting students for the 1949 - 1950 school year in the following faculties: trade economics, economic accounting, and marketing. Students are being admitted to the evening department in economics of Soviet trade and bookkeeping.

The term of studies is 5 years. Apply: Moscow, 57, Volckolamskoye shoase, 21/25. -- Advertisement

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